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By: Representatives Gipson, Arnold, Baker, To: Judiciary B
Barnett, Beckett, Bomgar, Bounds, Boyd, Byrd,
Carpenter, Chism, Criswell, Currie, Gibbs
(36th), Guice, Hale, Hopkins, Mangold,
Massengill, McLeod, Mettetal, Oliver,
Roberson, Rogers (14th), Rogers (61st), Scoggin, Staples, Steverson,
Tullos, Wilson, Ford, Horne, Mims, Shirley, Patterson, Crawford,
Morgan, Brown, Weathersby, Henley

## HOUSE BILL NO. 1083 (As Passed the House)

1 AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 97-37-7, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO 2 AUTHORIZE ANY PERSON WHO HAS AN ENHANCED FIREARMS LICENSE TO CARRY 3 SUCH FIREARM ON PUBLIC PROPERTY; TO AMEND SECTION 45-9-101, 4 MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CONFORM TO THE PRECEDING AMENDMENT; TO AMEND SECTION 45-9-171, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE 5 "THE MISSISSIPPI CHURCH PROTECTION ACT"; TO BRING FORWARD SECTIONS 6 97-37-9 AND 97-3-15, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, FOR PURPOSES OF 7 AMENDMENT; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES. 8 9 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: 10 SECTION 1. Section 97-37-7, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows: 11 12 97-37-7. (1) (a) It shall not be a violation of Section 97-37-1 or any other statute for pistols, firearms or other 13 14 suitable and appropriate weapons to be carried by duly constituted bank quards, company quards, watchmen, railroad special agents or 15 16 duly authorized representatives who are not sworn law enforcement officers, agents or employees of a patrol service, guard service, 17 18 or a company engaged in the business of transporting money, securities or other valuables, while actually engaged in the 19 20 performance of their duties as such, provided that such persons 21 have made a written application and paid a nonrefundable permit

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- 22 fee of One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) to the Department of Public
- 23 Safety.
- 24 (b) No permit shall be issued to any person who has
- 25 ever been convicted of a felony under the laws of this or any
- 26 other state or of the United States. To determine an applicant's
- 27 eligibility for a permit, the person shall be fingerprinted. If
- 28 no disqualifying record is identified at the state level, the
- 29 fingerprints shall be forwarded by the Department of Public Safety
- 30 to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a national criminal
- 31 history record check. The department shall charge a fee which
- 32 includes the amounts required by the Federal Bureau of
- 33 Investigation and the department for the national and state
- 34 criminal history record checks and any necessary costs incurred by
- 35 the department for the handling and administration of the criminal
- 36 history background checks. In the event a legible set of
- 37 fingerprints, as determined by the Department of Public Safety and
- 38 the Federal Bureau of Investigation, cannot be obtained after a
- 39 minimum of three (3) attempts, the Department of Public Safety
- 40 shall determine eligibility based upon a name check by the
- 41 Mississippi Highway Safety Patrol and a Federal Bureau of
- 42 Investigation name check conducted by the Mississippi Highway
- 43 Safety Patrol at the request of the Department of Public Safety.
- 44 (c) A person may obtain a duplicate of a lost or
- destroyed permit upon payment of a Fifteen Dollar (\$15.00)
- 46 replacement fee to the Department of Public Safety, if he

- 47 furnishes a notarized statement to the department that the permit
- 48 has been lost or destroyed.
- (d) (i) No less than ninety (90) days prior to the
- 50 expiration date of a permit, the Department of Public Safety shall
- 51 mail to the permit holder written notice of expiration together
- 52 with the renewal form prescribed by the department. The permit
- 53 holder shall renew the permit on or before the expiration date by
- 54 filing with the department the renewal form, a notarized affidavit
- 55 stating that the permit holder remains qualified, and the renewal
- 56 fee of Fifty Dollars (\$50.00); honorably retired law enforcement
- 57 officers shall be exempt from payment of the renewal fee. A
- 58 permit holder who fails to file a renewal application on or before
- 59 its expiration date shall pay a late fee of Fifteen Dollars
- 60 (\$15.00).
- 61 (ii) Renewal of the permit shall be required every
- 62 four (4) years. The permit of a qualified renewal applicant shall
- 63 be renewed upon receipt of the completed renewal application and
- 64 appropriate payment of fees.
- (iii) A permit cannot be renewed six (6) months or
- 66 more after its expiration date, and such permit shall be deemed to
- 67 be permanently expired; the holder may reapply for an original
- 68 permit as provided in this section.
- 69 (2) It shall not be a violation of this or any other statute
- 70 for pistols, firearms or other suitable and appropriate weapons to
- 71 be carried by Department of Wildlife, Fisheries and Parks law

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    enforcement officers, railroad special agents who are sworn law
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    enforcement officers, investigators employed by the Attorney
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    General, criminal investigators employed by the district
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    attorneys, all prosecutors, public defenders, investigators or
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    probation officers employed by the Department of Corrections,
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    employees of the State Auditor who are authorized by the State
    Auditor to perform investigative functions, or any deputy fire
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    marshal or investigator employed by the State Fire Marshal, while
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    engaged in the performance of their duties as such, or by fraud
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    investigators with the Department of Human Services, or by judges
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    of the Mississippi Supreme Court, Court of Appeals, circuit,
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    chancery, county, justice and municipal courts, or by coroners.
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    Before any person shall be authorized under this subsection to
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    carry a weapon, he shall complete a weapons training course
    approved by the Board of Law Enforcement Officer Standards and
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    Training. Before any criminal investigator employed by a district
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    attorney shall be authorized under this section to carry a pistol,
    firearm or other weapon, he shall have complied with Section
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    45-6-11 or any training program required for employment as an
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    agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. A law enforcement
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    officer, as defined in Section 45-6-3, shall be authorized to
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    carry weapons in courthouses in performance of his official
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    duties. A person licensed under Section 45-9-101 to carry a
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instructional course in the safe handling and use of firearms

concealed pistol, who (a) has voluntarily completed an

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     offered by an instructor certified by a nationally recognized
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     organization that customarily offers firearms training, or by any
     other organization approved by the Department of Public Safety,
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     (b) is a member or veteran of any active or reserve component
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     branch of the United States of America Armed Forces having
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     completed law enforcement or combat training with pistols or other
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     handguns as recognized by such branch after submitting an
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     affidavit attesting to have read, understand and agree to comply
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     with all provisions of the enhanced carry law, or (c) is an
     honorably retired law enforcement officer or honorably retired
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     member or veteran of any active or reserve component branch of the
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     United States of America Armed Forces having completed law
     enforcement or combat training with pistols or other handguns,
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     after submitting an affidavit attesting to have read, understand
     and agree to comply with all provisions of Mississippi enhanced
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     carry law shall also be authorized to carry weapons in courthouses
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     except in courtrooms during a judicial proceeding, * * * - and any
     location listed in subsection (13) of Section 45-9-101, and any
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     other public property, or portion of public property, except any
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     place of nuisance as defined in Section 95-3-1, any police,
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     sheriff or highway patrol station or any detention facility,
     prison or jail. Any rule, regulation, or other policy that has
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     the effect of limiting the locations on public property, or a
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     portion of public property where a person may carry a concealed
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     pistol pursuant to the Mississippi enhanced carry law beyond the
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122 locations described in this subsection shall have no force or 123 effect. For the purposes of this subsection (2), component branch 124 of the United States Armed Forces includes the Army, Navy, Air 125 Force, Coast Guard or Marine Corps, or the Army National Guard, 126 the Army National Guard of the United States, the Air National 127 Guard or the Air National Guard of the United States, as those 128 terms are defined in Section 101, Title 10, United States Code, 129 and any other reserve component of the United States Armed Forces 130 enumerated in Section 10101, Title 10, United States Code. 131 department shall promulgate rules and regulations allowing concealed pistol permit holders to obtain an endorsement on their 132 133 permit indicating that they have completed the aforementioned 134 course and have the authority to carry in these locations. 135 section shall in no way interfere with the right of a trial judge 136 to restrict the carrying of firearms in the courtroom.

(3) It shall not be a violation of this or any other statute for pistols, firearms or other suitable and appropriate weapons, to be carried by any out-of-state, full-time commissioned law enforcement officer who holds a valid commission card from the appropriate out-of-state law enforcement agency and a photo identification. The provisions of this subsection shall only apply if the state where the out-of-state officer is employed has entered into a reciprocity agreement with the state that allows full-time commissioned law enforcement officers in Mississippi to lawfully carry or possess a weapon in such other states. The

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148	reciprocal agreements with other states to carry out the
149	provisions of this subsection.
150	(4) (a) A person licensed to carry a concealed pistol or
151	revolver with the endorsement under Section 97-37-7, who is
152	adversely affected by a rule, regulation, policy, or posted
153	written notice adopted by an agency, entity, or person in
154	violation of this section may file suit for declarative and
155	injunctive relief against the agency, entity, or person in the
156	circuit court which shall have jurisdiction over the location
157	where the violation of this section occurs.
158	(b) Before instituting suit under this subsection, the
159	party adversely impacted by the rule, regulation, policy, or
160	posted written notice shall notify the Attorney General in writing
161	of the violation and include evidence of the violation. The
162	Attorney General shall, within thirty (30) days, investigate
163	whether the agency, entity, or person adopted a rule, regulation,
164	policy, or posted written notice in violation of this section and
165	provide the appropriate authority notice of his findings,
166	including, if applicable, a description of the violation and
167	specific language of the rule, regulation, policy, or posted
168	written notice found to be in violation. The agency, entity, or
169	person shall have thirty (30) days from receipt of that notice to
170	cure the violation. If the agency, entity, or person fails to
171	cure the violation within that thirty-day time period, a suit

Commissioner of Public Safety is authorized to enter into



- 172 under paragraph (a) of this subsection may proceed. The findings
- 173 of the Attorney General shall constitute a "Public Record" as
- 174 defined by the Mississippi Public Records Act of 1983, Section
- 175 25-61-1 et seq.
- 176 (c) If the circuit court finds that an agency, entity,
- 177 or person adopted a rule, regulation, policy, or posted written
- 178 notice in violation of this section and failed to cure that
- 179 violation in accordance with paragraph (b) of this subsection, the
- 180 circuit court shall issue a permanent injunction against an
- 181 agency, entity, or person prohibiting the enforcement of the rule,
- 182 regulation, policy, or posted written notice.
- SECTION 2. Section 45-9-101, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 184 amended as follows:
- 45-9-101. (1) (a) Except as otherwise provided, the
- 186 Department of Public Safety is authorized to issue licenses to
- 187 carry stun guns, concealed pistols or revolvers to persons
- 188 qualified as provided in this section. Such licenses shall be
- 189 valid throughout the state for a period of five (5) years from the
- 190 date of issuance. Any person possessing a valid license issued
- 191 pursuant to this section may carry a stun gun, concealed pistol or
- 192 concealed revolver.
- 193 (b) The licensee must carry the license, together with
- 194 valid identification, at all times in which the licensee is
- 195 carrying a stun gun, concealed pistol or revolver and must display
- 196 both the license and proper identification upon demand by a law

- 197 enforcement officer. A violation of the provisions of this
- 198 paragraph (b) shall constitute a noncriminal violation with a
- 199 penalty of Twenty-five Dollars (\$25.00) and shall be enforceable
- 200 by summons.
- 201 (2) The Department of Public Safety shall issue a license if
- 202 the applicant:
- 203 (a) Is a resident of the state. However, this
- 204 residency requirement may be waived if the applicant possesses a
- 205 valid permit from another state, is active military personnel
- 206 stationed in Mississippi, or is a retired law enforcement officer
- 207 establishing residency in the state;
- 208 (b) (i) Is twenty-one (21) years of age or older; or
- 209 (ii) Is at least eighteen (18) years of age but
- 210 not yet twenty-one (21) years of age and the applicant:
- 211 1. Is a member or veteran of the United
- 212 States Armed Forces, including National Guard or Reserve; and
- 21. Holds a valid Mississippi driver's license
- 214 or identification card issued by the Department of Public Safety;
- 215 (c) Does not suffer from a physical infirmity which
- 216 prevents the safe handling of a stun gun, pistol or revolver;
- 217 (d) Is not ineligible to possess a firearm by virtue of
- 218 having been convicted of a felony in a court of this state, of any
- 219 other state, or of the United States without having been pardoned
- 220 for same, unless that pardon expressly provides that the person
- 221 may not ship, transport, possess or receive firearms. A

222 <u>conviction which has been expunged pursuant to state law shall not</u>

223 be considered a conviction for purposes of this subsection;

224 Does not chronically or habitually abuse controlled 225 substances to the extent that his normal faculties are impaired. 226 It shall be presumed that an applicant chronically and habitually 227 uses controlled substances to the extent that his faculties are 228 impaired if the applicant has been voluntarily or involuntarily 229 committed to a treatment facility for the abuse of a controlled 230 substance or been found quilty of a crime under the provisions of 231 the Uniform Controlled Substances Law or similar laws of any other 232 state or the United States relating to controlled substances 233 within a three-year period immediately preceding the date on which 234 the application is submitted;

(f) Does not chronically and habitually use alcoholic beverages to the extent that his normal faculties are impaired. It shall be presumed that an applicant chronically and habitually uses alcoholic beverages to the extent that his normal faculties are impaired if the applicant has been voluntarily or involuntarily committed as an alcoholic to a treatment facility or has been convicted of two (2) or more offenses related to the use of alcohol under the laws of this state or similar laws of any other state or the United States within the three-year period immediately preceding the date on which the application is submitted;

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246		(g) I	esires	s a leg	al r	means	to	carry	a	stun	gun,
247	concealed	pistol	or re	evolver	to	defen	nd h	nimseli	£;		

- (h) Has not been adjudicated mentally incompetent, or has waited five (5) years from the date of his restoration to capacity by court order;
- (i) Has not been voluntarily or involuntarily committed to a mental institution or mental health treatment facility unless he possesses a certificate from a psychiatrist licensed in this state that he has not suffered from disability for a period of five (5) years;
- (j) Has not had adjudication of guilt withheld or imposition of sentence suspended on any felony unless three (3) years have elapsed since probation or any other conditions set by the court have been fulfilled;
- 260 (k) Is not a fugitive from justice; and

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- 261 (1) Is not disqualified to possess a weapon based on 262 federal law.
  - (3) The Department of Public Safety may deny a license if the applicant has been found guilty of one or more crimes of violence constituting a misdemeanor unless three (3) years have elapsed since probation or any other conditions set by the court have been fulfilled or expunction has occurred prior to the date on which the application is submitted, or may revoke a license if the licensee has been found guilty of one or more crimes of violence within the preceding three (3) years. The department

- 271 shall, upon notification by a law enforcement agency or a court
- 272 and subsequent written verification, suspend a license or the
- 273 processing of an application for a license if the licensee or
- 274 applicant is arrested or formally charged with a crime which would
- 275 disqualify such person from having a license under this section,
- 276 until final disposition of the case. The provisions of subsection
- 277 (7) of this section shall apply to any suspension or revocation of
- 278 a license pursuant to the provisions of this section.
- 279 (4) The application shall be completed, under oath, on a
- 280 form promulgated by the Department of Public Safety and shall
- 281 include only:
- 282 (a) The name, address, place and date of birth, race,
- 283 sex and occupation of the applicant;
- 284 (b) The driver's license number or social security
- 285 number of applicant;
- 286 (c) Any previous address of the applicant for the two
- 287 (2) years preceding the date of the application;
- 288 (d) A statement that the applicant is in compliance
- 289 with criteria contained within subsections (2) and (3) of this
- 290 section;
- (e) A statement that the applicant has been furnished a
- 292 copy of this section and is knowledgeable of its provisions;
- 293 (f) A conspicuous warning that the application is
- 294 executed under oath and that a knowingly false answer to any

295 question, or the knowing submission of any false document by the

- 296 applicant, subjects the applicant to criminal prosecution; and
- 297 (g) A statement that the applicant desires a legal
- 298 means to carry a stun gun, concealed pistol or revolver to defend
- 299 himself.
- 300 (5) The applicant shall submit only the following to the
- 301 Department of Public Safety:
- 302 (a) A completed application as described in subsection
- 303 (4) of this section;
- 304 (b) A full-face photograph of the applicant taken
- 305 within the preceding thirty (30) days in which the head, including
- 306 hair, in a size as determined by the Department of Public Safety,
- 307 except that an applicant who is younger than twenty-one (21) years
- 308 of age must submit a photograph in profile of the applicant;
- 309 (c) A nonrefundable license fee of Eighty Dollars
- 310 (\$80.00). Costs for processing the set of fingerprints as
- 311 required in paragraph (d) of this subsection shall be borne by the
- 312 applicant. Honorably retired law enforcement officers, disabled
- 313 veterans and active duty members of the Armed Forces of the United
- 314 States shall be exempt from the payment of the license fee;
- 315 (d) A full set of fingerprints of the applicant
- 316 administered by the Department of Public Safety; and
- 317 (e) A waiver authorizing the Department of Public
- 318 Safety access to any records concerning commitments of the
- 319 applicant to any of the treatment facilities or institutions

- referred to in subsection (2) and permitting access to all the applicant's criminal records.
- 322 (6) (a) The Department of Public Safety, upon receipt of 323 the items listed in subsection (5) of this section, shall forward 324 the full set of fingerprints of the applicant to the appropriate 325 agencies for state and federal processing.
- 326 The Department of Public Safety shall forward a (b) 327 copy of the applicant's application to the sheriff of the 328 applicant's county of residence and, if applicable, the police chief of the applicant's municipality of residence. The sheriff 329 330 of the applicant's county of residence and, if applicable, the 331 police chief of the applicant's municipality of residence may, at 332 his discretion, participate in the process by submitting a 333 voluntary report to the Department of Public Safety containing any 334 readily discoverable prior information that he feels may be 335 pertinent to the licensing of any applicant. The reporting shall 336 be made within thirty (30) days after the date he receives the 337 copy of the application. Upon receipt of a response from a 338 sheriff or police chief, such sheriff or police chief shall be 339 reimbursed at a rate set by the department.
- 340 (c) The Department of Public Safety shall, within 341 forty-five (45) days after the date of receipt of the items listed 342 in subsection (5) of this section:
- 343 (i) Issue the license;

(ii) Deny the application based solely on the
ground that the applicant fails to qualify under the criteria
listed in subsections (2) and (3) of this section. If the
Department of Public Safety denies the application, it shall
notify the applicant in writing, stating the ground for denial,
and the denial shall be subject to the appeal process set forth in
subsection (7); or

- (iii) Notify the applicant that the department is unable to make a determination regarding the issuance or denial of a license within the forty-five-day period prescribed by this subsection, and provide an estimate of the amount of time the department will need to make the determination.
- (d) In the event a legible set of fingerprints, as determined by the Department of Public Safety and the Federal Bureau of Investigation, cannot be obtained after a minimum of two (2) attempts, the Department of Public Safety shall determine eligibility based upon a name check by the Mississippi Highway Safety Patrol and a Federal Bureau of Investigation name check conducted by the Mississippi Highway Safety Patrol at the request of the Department of Public Safety.
- (7) (a) If the Department of Public Safety denies the issuance of a license, or suspends or revokes a license, the party aggrieved may appeal such denial, suspension or revocation to the Commissioner of Public Safety, or his authorized agent, within thirty (30) days after the aggrieved party receives written notice

of such denial, suspension or revocation. The Commissioner of
Public Safety, or his duly authorized agent, shall rule upon such
appeal within thirty (30) days after the appeal is filed and
failure to rule within this thirty-day period shall constitute
sustaining such denial, suspension or revocation. Such review
shall be conducted pursuant to such reasonable rules and
regulations as the Commissioner of Public Safety may adopt.

- (b) If the revocation, suspension or denial of issuance is sustained by the Commissioner of Public Safety, or his duly authorized agent pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subsection, the aggrieved party may file within ten (10) days after the rendition of such decision a petition in the circuit or county court of his residence for review of such decision. A hearing for review shall be held and shall proceed before the court without a jury upon the record made at the hearing before the Commissioner of Public Safety or his duly authorized agent. No such party shall be allowed to carry a stun gun, concealed pistol or revolver pursuant to the provisions of this section while any such appeal is pending.
- 388 (8) The Department of Public Safety shall maintain an
  389 automated listing of license holders and such information shall be
  390 available online, upon request, at all times, to all law
  391 enforcement agencies through the Mississippi Crime Information
  392 Center. However, the records of the department relating to
  393 applications for licenses to carry stun guns, concealed pistols or

394 revolvers and records relating to license holders shall be exempt

395 from the provisions of the Mississippi Public Records Act of 1983,

396 and shall be released only upon order of a court having proper

397 jurisdiction over a petition for release of the record or records.

398 (9) Within thirty (30) days after the changing of a

399 permanent address, or within thirty (30) days after having a

400 license lost or destroyed, the licensee shall notify the

401 Department of Public Safety in writing of such change or loss.

402 Failure to notify the Department of Public Safety pursuant to the

403 provisions of this subsection shall constitute a noncriminal

404 violation with a penalty of Twenty-five Dollars (\$25.00) and shall

405 be enforceable by a summons.

406 (10) In the event that a stun gun, concealed pistol or

407 revolver license is lost or destroyed, the person to whom the

408 license was issued shall comply with the provisions of subsection

409 (9) of this section and may obtain a duplicate, or substitute

410 thereof, upon payment of Fifteen Dollars (\$15.00) to the

411 Department of Public Safety, and furnishing a notarized statement

to the department that such license has been lost or destroyed.

413 (11) A license issued under this section shall be revoked if

414 the licensee becomes ineligible under the criteria set forth in

415 subsection (2) of this section.

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416 (12) (a) No less than ninety (90) days prior to the

417 expiration date of the license, the Department of Public Safety

418 shall mail to each licensee a written notice of the expiration and

- 419 a renewal form prescribed by the department. The licensee must
- 420 renew his license on or before the expiration date by filing with
- 421 the department the renewal form, a notarized affidavit stating
- 422 that the licensee remains qualified pursuant to the criteria
- 423 specified in subsections (2) and (3) of this section, and a full
- 424 set of fingerprints administered by the Department of Public
- 425 Safety or the sheriff of the county of residence of the licensee.
- 426 The first renewal may be processed by mail and the subsequent
- 427 renewal must be made in person. Thereafter every other renewal
- 428 may be processed by mail to assure that the applicant must appear
- 429 in person every ten (10) years for the purpose of obtaining a new
- 430 photograph.
- 431 (i) Except as provided in this subsection, a
- 432 renewal fee of Forty Dollars (\$40.00) shall also be submitted
- 433 along with costs for processing the fingerprints;
- 434 (ii) Honorably retired law enforcement officers,
- 435 disabled veterans and active duty members of the Armed Forces of
- 436 the United States shall be exempt from the renewal fee; and
- 437 (iii) The renewal fee for a Mississippi resident
- 438 aged sixty-five (65) years of age or older shall be Twenty Dollars
- 439 (\$20.00).
- 440 (b) The Department of Public Safety shall forward the
- 441 full set of fingerprints of the applicant to the appropriate
- 442 agencies for state and federal processing. The license shall be

renewed upon receipt of the completed renewal application and appropriate payment of fees.

445 A licensee who fails to file a renewal application on or before its expiration date must renew his license by paying 446 447 a late fee of Fifteen Dollars (\$15.00). No license shall be 448 renewed six (6) months or more after its expiration date, and such 449 license shall be deemed to be permanently expired. A person whose 450 license has been permanently expired may reapply for licensure; 451 however, an application for licensure and fees pursuant to 452 subsection (5) of this section must be submitted, and a background 453 investigation shall be conducted pursuant to the provisions of 454 this section.

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authorize any person to carry a stun gun, concealed pistol or revolver into any place of nuisance as defined in Section 95-3-1, Mississippi Code of 1972; any police, sheriff or highway patrol station; any detention facility, prison or jail; any courthouse; any courtroom, except that nothing in this section shall preclude a judge from carrying a concealed weapon or determining who will carry a concealed weapon in his courtroom; any polling place; any meeting place of the governing body of any governmental entity; any meeting of the Legislature or a committee thereof; any school, college or professional athletic event not related to firearms; any portion of an establishment, licensed to dispense alcoholic beverages for consumption on the premises, that is primarily

468 devoted to dispensing alcoholic beverages; any portion of an 469 establishment in which beer or light wine is consumed on the 470 premises, that is primarily devoted to such purpose; any 471 elementary or secondary school facility; any junior college, 472 community college, college or university facility unless for the 473 purpose of participating in any authorized firearms-related 474 activity; inside the passenger terminal of any airport, except 475 that no person shall be prohibited from carrying any legal firearm 476 into the terminal if the firearm is encased for shipment, for purposes of checking such firearm as baggage to be lawfully 477 478 transported on any aircraft; any church or other place of worship, 479 except as provided in Section 45-9-171; or any place where the 480 carrying of firearms is prohibited by federal law. In addition to 481 the places enumerated in this subsection, the carrying of a stun 482 gun, concealed pistol or revolver may be disallowed in any place 483 in the discretion of the person or entity exercising control over 484 the physical location of such place by the placing of a written 485 notice clearly readable at a distance of not less than ten (10) 486 feet that the "carrying of a pistol or revolver is prohibited." 487 No license issued pursuant to this section shall authorize the 488 participants in a parade or demonstration for which a permit is 489 required to carry a stun gun, concealed pistol or revolver. 490 (14) A law enforcement officer as defined in Section 45-6-3,

chiefs of police, sheriffs and persons licensed as professional

bondsmen pursuant to Chapter 39, Title 83, Mississippi Code of

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- 1972, shall be exempt from the licensing requirements of this
  494 section. The licensing requirements of this section do not apply
  495 to the carrying by any person of a stun gun, pistol or revolver,
  496 knife, or other deadly weapon that is not concealed as defined in
  497 Section 97-37-1.
- 498 (15) Any person who knowingly submits a false answer to any
  499 question on an application for a license issued pursuant to this
  500 section, or who knowingly submits a false document when applying
  501 for a license issued pursuant to this section, shall, upon
  502 conviction, be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished as
  503 provided in Section 99-19-31, Mississippi Code of 1972.
- of pursuant to this section shall be deposited into a special fund hereby created in the State Treasury and shall be used for implementation and administration of this section. After the close of each fiscal year, the balance in this fund shall be certified to the Legislature and then may be used by the Department of Public Safety as directed by the Legislature.
- 511 (17) All funds received by a sheriff or police chief 512 pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be deposited into 513 the general fund of the county or municipality, as appropriate, 514 and shall be budgeted to the sheriff's office or police department 515 as appropriate.

- 516 (18) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require 517 or allow the registration, documentation or providing of serial 518 numbers with regard to any stun gun or firearm.
- 519 Any person holding a valid unrevoked and unexpired 520 license to carry stun guns, concealed pistols or revolvers issued 521 in another state shall have such license recognized by this state 522 to carry stun guns, concealed pistols or revolvers. The 523 Department of Public Safety is authorized to enter into a 524 reciprocal agreement with another state if that state requires a 525 written agreement in order to recognize licenses to carry stun 526 guns, concealed pistols or revolvers issued by this state.
- 527 (20) The provisions of this section shall be under the 528 supervision of the Commissioner of Public Safety. The 529 commissioner is authorized to promulgate reasonable rules and 530 regulations to carry out the provisions of this section.

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- (21) For the purposes of this section, the term "stun gun" means a portable device or weapon from which an electric current, impulse, wave or beam may be directed, which current, impulse, wave or beam is designed to incapacitate temporarily, injure, momentarily stun, knock out, cause mental disorientation or paralyze.
- 537 (22) (a) From and after January 1, 2016, the Commissioner 538 of Public Safety shall promulgate rules and regulations which 539 provide that licenses authorized by this section for honorably 540 retired law enforcement officers and honorably retired

- correctional officers from the Mississippi Department of

  Corrections shall (i) include the words "retired law enforcement

  officer" on the front of the license, and (ii) that the license

  itself have a red background to distinguish it from other licenses

  issued under this section.
- 546 An honorably retired law enforcement officer and 547 honorably retired correctional officer shall provide the following information to receive the license described in this section: 548 549 a letter, with the official letterhead of the agency or department 550 from which such officer is retiring, which explains that such officer is honorably retired, and (ii) a letter with the official 551 552 letterhead of the agency or department, which explains that such 553 officer has completed a certified law enforcement training 554 academy.
- 23) A disabled veteran who seeks to qualify for an
  exemption under this section shall be required to provide, as
  proof of service-connected disability, verification from the
  United States Department of Veterans Affairs. A Veterans Health
  Identification Card issued by the United States Department of
  Veterans Affairs indicating a service-connected disability is
  sufficient proof.
- 103 (24) A license under this section is not required for a loaded or unloaded pistol or revolver to be carried upon the person in a sheath, belt holster or shoulder holster or in a purse, handbag, satchel, other similar bag or briefcase or fully

566 enclosed case if the person is not engaged in criminal activity

other than a misdemeanor traffic offense, is not otherwise

568 prohibited from possessing a pistol or revolver under state or

569 federal law, and is not in a location prohibited under subsection

570 (13) of this section.

SECTION 3. Section 45-9-171, Mississippi Code of 1972, is

572 <u>amended</u> as follows:

45-9-171. (1) This section shall be known and may be cited

574 as the "Mississippi Church Protection Act."

575 (2) (a) The governing body of any church or place of

576 worship may establish a security program by which designated

577 members are authorized to carry firearms for the protection of the

578 congregation of the church or place of worship, including

579 resisting any unlawful attempt to commit a violent felony listed

in Section 97-3-2(1) upon a member or other attendee in the church

or place of worship or on the immediate premises thereof, or

582 church-sponsored events off-campus within the State of

583 <u>Mississippi</u>. A church or place of worship may establish a

584 security program that meets the requirements of subsection (2)(b)

of this section, and a member of the security program shall be

586 immune from civil liability for any action taken by a member of

587 the security program if the action in question occurs during the

588 reasonable exercise of and within the course and scope of the

589 member's official duties as a member of the security program for

590 the church or place of worship. For purposes of this section,

"church" or "place of worship" means only a bona fide duly constituted religious society, ecclesiastical body, or any congregation thereof.

- 594 (b) In order to be eligible for the immunity provided 595 in this section:
- 596 (i) The program at a minimum must require that 597 each participant of the program possesses a firearms permit issued under Section 45-9-101 and has completed an instructional course 598 599 in the safe handling and use of firearms as described in Section 97-37-7, and may include any Mississippi certified law enforcement 600 officer or other person authorized to carry firearms under 97-37-601 602 7(2). The program may also include one or more persons with law 603 enforcement or military background who may assist the church or 604 place of worship in training of the members of the program;

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- (ii) The names of the members designated by the church or place of worship to serve in the security program must be spread upon the minutes of the body or otherwise noted in writing at the time of the member's designation if the body does not maintain minutes, and this written record must be made available to law enforcement upon request during the course of investigation after an incident in which the member used a firearm while acting as a member of the security program; and
- (iii) The member of the program who is claiming immunity under the provisions of this section must have met the requirements of this paragraph (b).

616	(3) A person who is indicted or charged with a violation of
617	criminal law while acting as a member of a security program of a
618	church or place of worship may assert as a defense, in addition to
619	any other defense available, that at the time of the action in
620	question, the person was a member of a church body or place of
621	worship security program, was then actually engaged in the
622	performance of the person's duties as a member of the program, and
623	had met the requirements of this section at the time of the action
624	in question.

- SECTION 4. Section 97-37-9, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 626 brought forward as follows:
- 97-37-9. Any person indicted or charged for a violation of Section 97-37-1 may show as a defense:
- 629 (a) That he was threatened, and had good and sufficient 630 reason to apprehend a serious attack from any enemy, and that he 631 did so apprehend; or
- 632 (b) That he was traveling and was not a tramp, or was 633 setting out on a journey and was not a tramp; or
- (c) That he was a law enforcement or peace officer in the discharge of his duties; or
- (d) That he was at the time in the discharge of his duties as a mail carrier; or
- (e) That he was at the time engaged in transporting valuables for an express company or bank; or

640	(f)	That	he	was	а	member	of	the	Armed	Forces	of	the
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- 041 United States, National Guard, State Militia, Emergency Management
- 642 Corps, guard or patrolman in a state or municipal institution
- 643 while in the performance of his official duties; or
- (g) That he was in lawful pursuit of a felon; or
- (h) That he was lawfully engaged in legitimate sports;
- (i) That at the time he was a company guard, bank
- 647 guard, watchman, or other person enumerated in Section 97-37-7,
- 648 and was then actually engaged in the performance of his duties as
- 649 such, and then held a valid permit from the sheriff, the
- 650 commissioner of public safety, or a valid permit issued by the
- 651 Secretary of State prior to May 1, 1974, to carry the weapon; and
- 652 the burden of proving either of said defenses shall be on the
- 653 accused; or
- (j) That at the time he or she was a member of a church
- or place of worship security program, and was then actually
- 656 engaged in the performance of his or her duties as such and met
- 657 the requirements of Section 45-9-171.
- 658 **SECTION 5.** Section 97-3-15, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 659 brought forward as follows:
- 97-3-15. (1) The killing of a human being by the act,
- 661 procurement or omission of another shall be justifiable in the
- 662 following cases:



663		(a)	Wh	nen	commit	tted	by	publi	_C O	ffic	cers,	or	those	e ac	cting
664	by their	aid	and	ass	istand	ce,	in	obedie	ence	to	any	jud	gment	of	a
665	competent	t cou	ırt;												

- 666 (b) When necessarily committed by public officers, or 667 those acting by their command in their aid and assistance, in 668 overcoming actual resistance to the execution of some legal 669 process, or to the discharge of any other legal duty;
- 670 (c) When necessarily committed by public officers, or 671 those acting by their command in their aid and assistance, in 672 retaking any felon who has been rescued or has escaped;
- 673 (d) When necessarily committed by public officers, or 674 those acting by their command in their aid and assistance, in 675 arresting any felon fleeing from justice;
  - (e) When committed by any person in resisting any attempt unlawfully to kill such person or to commit any felony upon him, or upon or in any dwelling, in any occupied vehicle, in any place of business, in any place of employment or in the immediate premises thereof in which such person shall be;
- (f) When committed in the lawful defense of one's own person or any other human being, where there shall be reasonable ground to apprehend a design to commit a felony or to do some great personal injury, and there shall be imminent danger of such design being accomplished;
- (g) When necessarily committed in attempting by lawful ways and means to apprehend any person for any felony committed;

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- (h) When necessarily committed in lawfully suppressing any riot or in lawfully keeping and preserving the peace; and
- (i) When necessarily committed in the performance of duty as a member of a church or place of worship security program as described in Section 45-9-171.
- (a) As used in subsection (1)(c) and (d) of this 693 (2) 694 section, the term "when necessarily committed" means that a public 695 officer or a person acting by or at the officer's command, aid or 696 assistance is authorized to use such force as necessary in securing and detaining the felon offender, overcoming the 697 698 offender's resistance, preventing the offender's escape, 699 recapturing the offender if the offender escapes or in protecting 700 himself or others from bodily harm; but such officer or person 701 shall not be authorized to resort to deadly or dangerous means 702 when to do so would be unreasonable under the circumstances. 703 public officer or person acting by or at the officer's command may 704 act upon a reasonable apprehension of the surrounding 705 circumstances; however, such officer or person shall not use 706 excessive force or force that is greater than reasonably necessary 707 in securing and detaining the offender, overcoming the offender's 708 resistance, preventing the offender's escape, recapturing the 709 offender if the offender escapes or in protecting himself or 710 others from bodily harm.
- 711 (b) As used in subsection (1)(c) and (d) of this
  712 section the term "felon" shall include an offender who has been

- 713 convicted of a felony and shall also include an offender who is in
- 714 custody, or whose custody is being sought, on a charge or for an
- 715 offense which is punishable, upon conviction, by death or
- 716 confinement in the Penitentiary.
- 717 (c) As used in subsections (1)(e) and (3) of this
- 718 section, "dwelling" means a building or conveyance of any kind
- 719 that has a roof over it, whether the building or conveyance is
- 720 temporary or permanent, mobile or immobile, including a tent, that
- 721 is designed to be occupied by people lodging therein at night,
- 722 including any attached porch.
- 723 (3) A person who uses defensive force shall be presumed to
- 724 have reasonably feared imminent death or great bodily harm, or the
- 725 commission of a felony upon him or another or upon his dwelling,
- 726 or against a vehicle which he was occupying, or against his
- 727 business or place of employment or the immediate premises of such
- 728 business or place of employment, if the person against whom the
- 729 defensive force was used, was in the process of unlawfully and
- 730 forcibly entering, or had unlawfully and forcibly entered, a
- 731 dwelling, occupied vehicle, business, place of employment or the
- 732 immediate premises thereof or if that person had unlawfully
- 733 removed or was attempting to unlawfully remove another against the
- 734 other person's will from that dwelling, occupied vehicle,
- 735 business, place of employment or the immediate premises thereof
- 736 and the person who used defensive force knew or had reason to
- 737 believe that the forcible entry or unlawful and forcible act was

- 738 occurring or had occurred. This presumption shall not apply if
- 739 the person against whom defensive force was used has a right to be
- 740 in or is a lawful resident or owner of the dwelling, vehicle,
- 741 business, place of employment or the immediate premises thereof or
- 742 is the lawful resident or owner of the dwelling, vehicle,
- 743 business, place of employment or the immediate premises thereof or
- 744 if the person who uses defensive force is engaged in unlawful
- 745 activity or if the person is a law enforcement officer engaged in
- 746 the performance of his official duties.
- 747 (4) A person who is not the initial aggressor and is not
- 748 engaged in unlawful activity shall have no duty to retreat before
- 749 using deadly force under subsection (1)(e) or (f) of this section
- 750 if the person is in a place where the person has a right to be,
- 751 and no finder of fact shall be permitted to consider the person's
- 752 failure to retreat as evidence that the person's use of force was
- 753 unnecessary, excessive or unreasonable.
- 754 (5) (a) The presumptions contained in subsection (3) of
- 755 this section shall apply in civil cases in which self-defense or
- 756 defense of another is claimed as a defense.
- 757 (b) The court shall award reasonable attorney's fees,
- 758 court costs, compensation for loss of income, and all expenses
- 759 incurred by the defendant in defense of any civil action brought
- 760 by a plaintiff if the court finds that the defendant acted in
- 761 accordance with subsection (1)(e) or (f) of this section.

762 defendant who has previously been adjudicated "not quilty" of any

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- 763 crime by reason of subsection (1)(e) or (f) of this section shall
- 764 be immune from any civil action for damages arising from the same
- 765 conduct.
- 766 **SECTION 6.** This act shall take effect and be in force from
- 767 and after July 1, 2018.